MIDJ

Clessidra elliptical Table

design Paolo Vernier, 2019

Clessidra elliptical table.



Colors and Materials

Structure





White steel



Ocean blue steel



Bronze metal

Ash grey metal



Sand steel



Light grey steel



Bulgaro red metal



Fango steel





Brown steel

Cherry red metal



Pine green steel

Golden yellow metal

Black steel





Sage green metal



Dark green metal





Pastel yellow steel

Ocher steel





Grafite metal

Facepowder pink metal





Stained ash veneered 10 Colors



Black lacquered veneered ash



Veneered flamed walnut



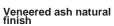
White lacquered veneered ash

Marble 4 Colors



Veneered ash dark oak







Veneered ash natural Natural oak veneered oak finish





Glossy white calacatta marble crystalceramic



Matt calacatta marble crystalceramic



Glossy greek black marble crystalceramic

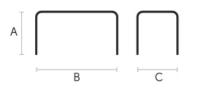


Noir desir glossy marble crystalceramic



Noir desir matt marble crystalceramic

Dimensions



	A (cm)	B (cm)	C (cm)
	(inch)	(inch)	(inch)
Ø 100 (cm)	75	100	100
(inch)	29.5	39.4	39.4
Ø 120 (cm)	75	120	120
(inch)	29.5	47.2	47.2
Ø 150 (cm)	76	150	150
(inch)	29.9	59.1	59.1
Ø 180 (cm)	76	180	180
(inch)	29.9	70.9	70.9
Double base	76	300	150
(inch)	29.9	118.1	59.1
Elliptical			
220x120 (cm)	75	220	120
(inch)	29.5	86.6	47.2
Elliptical	75	250	120
250x120 (cm)	29.5	98.4	47.2
(inch)	20.0	00.4	

Materials Certifications

Dark green metal

The technologies used in the previous phase of powder coating play a fundamental role in the final result of the processing. They are in fact essential to increase adherence paint on the metal surface and then guarantee its duration over time. The metal frames, following a total cleaning of the surface, pass through

chemical conversion processes, creating a compact base that allows for better adhesion of the subsequent treatment. In the last phase the object subjected to the powder coating process is placed in a polymerization oven, going to form an adherent and extremely tight layer durable. This particular paint job is ideal for outdoor use.

To clean the surface, use a damp microfiber cloth with neutral soap or specific metal cleaning products. Avoid hitting or rubbing the surface with sharp objects. Do not use scourers or other abrasive materials, since they would inevitably scratch the surface. Do not leave rusty iron objects on the surface for too long.

These surface treatments are not suitable for outdoor use, but they guarantee excellent resistance to frequent use, dirt and dust.

Materials Certifications

Stained ash veneered

Veneered woods are the result of a process of gluing extremely thin sheets of wood applied to various types of supports to produce furnishing elements, which have a similar appearance to solid wood, but with better performance in terms of resistance to woodworms, lightness and greater stability over time. If exposed to light, and in any case with the passage of time, the color of the veneer changes. It may happen that furniture of the same color purchased after some time, show color differences. Upon request, the veneered parts can be supplied with certified origin from forests managed in a correct and responsible manner, according to the rigorous environmental standards established by the FSC circuit.

CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE

For ordinary cleaning of veneered woods, use a cloth moistened with neutral soap well diluted in water or specific products. Always dry after each application with a dry cloth or paper towel. Do not use abrasive products. In case of accidental spills of substances or liquids, immediately dab the wood with paper towel or with a dry and clean cloth. Avoid proximity to heat sources. Evenly expose the veneered woods to light, for example by periodically opening the table extensions that are stored inside the structure, or by moving any object placed on the surface, such as vases and accessories.

These tips are cleaning recommendations and do not guarantee complete stain removal. We recommend that you always test the cleaning method on a hidden part of the item to check the resistance of the color.

Colour samples are to be considered approximate for each product. Slight color differences between a lot and the other are to be considered normal.

Materials Certifications

Black lacquered veneered ash

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White lacquered veneered ash

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Materials Certifications

Veneered ash dark oak

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Materials Certifications

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Veneered ash natural oak finish	Veneered woods are the result of a process of gluing extremely thin sheets of wood applied to various types of supports to produce furnishing elements, which have a similar appearance to solid wood, but with better performance in terms of resistance to woodworms, lightness and greater stability over time. If exposed to light, and in any case with the passage of time, the color of the veneer changes. It may happen that furniture of the same color purchased after some time, show color differences. Upon request, the veneered parts can be supplied with certified origin from forests managed in a correct and responsible manner, according to the rigorous environmental standards established by the FSC circuit.
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Materials Certifications

Natural oak veneered

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Materials Certifications

Veneered flamed walnut

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Materials Certifications

Glossy white calacatta marble crystalceramic

Crystalceramic combines elegance and resistance. Crystalceramic tops are composed of two sheets joined together: the lower layer is made of tempered glass, the upper layer of ceramic (porcelain stoneware). Once joined together, the sheets give life to an extremely resistant top, suitable for placement in highly used environments. The properties that the crystalceramic tops include are high water repellency, heat resistance, scratch resistance and high durability.

CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE

For daily cleaning we recommend using a microfiber cloth, moistened with hot water and possibly neutral

detergents, making sure to rinse them in case of use. Do not use abrasive scourers or cleaners. To remove any dried residues deposited on the surface, proceed with the use of a wooden or plastic scraper. Some types of stains, if not promptly removed, could leave a more or less visible permanent ring. In case of contact with acidic liquids (such as pure lemon juice) or highly pigmented liquids (such as red wine, coffee, Coke) remove promptly and rinse with a damp and clean cloth. The persistence of the stain over time hinders its complete removal. It is possible to use bleach to remove the most stubborn stains: with a damp cloth rub the surface for a few seconds. Most of the stains will no longer be visible within

2-3 minutes of application, then rinse with water and dry.

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Materials Certifications

Matt calacatta marble crystalceramic

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Glossy greek black marble crystalceramic

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Noir desir glossy marble crystalceramic

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Materials Certifications

Noir desir matt marble crystalceramic

Ceramic tops give life to an extremely resistant top, suitable for placement in highly used environments. The properties that the ceramic tops include are high water repellency, heat resistance, scratch resistance and high durability.

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